MONTECITO
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors Montecito Community Development District Satellite Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Montecito Community Development District, Satellite Beach, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 6 and other referenced notes to the financial statements, the District's financial conditions continue to deteriorate. The Developer and certain major landowners failed to pay a significant portion of the assessments in fiscal years 2009 - 2015. As a result, certain required debt service payments were not made during the prior, current, and subsequent fiscal years, resulting in events of default. Further, the general fund and debt service fund reported deficit fund balances at the end of the fiscal year. The District is economically dependent on the Developer and major landowners. In addition, there are significant uncontested delinquent payables exceeding 90 days. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have also issued our report dated June 25, 2015, on our consideration of the District's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as required by Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. The purpose of that report is to provide an opinion based on our examination conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Montecito Community Development District, Satellite Beach, Florida ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position balance of \$932,775.
- The change in the District's total net position in comparison with the prior year was (\$535,601), a decrease. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2013, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending deficit fund balances of (\$8,555,167), a decrease of (\$97,420) in comparison with the prior fiscal year. A portion of fund balance is restricted for capital projects, default expenditures and non-spendable for prepaid items and deposits, (\$14,086,177) is unassigned, deficit fund balance reported in the debt service fund, and (\$134,373) is unassigned, deficit fund balance reported in the general fund.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by special assessment revenues. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the general government (management), maintenance and recreation functions.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and capital project fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30,

	Governmental Activities						
		2014		2013			
Current and other assets	\$	7,203,477	\$	7,133,025			
Capital assets, net		14,921,342		15,475,276			
Total assets		22,124,819		22,608,301			
Liabilities, excluding long-term liabilities	· ·	16,142,044		15,984,925			
Long-term liabilities		5,050,000		5,155,000			
Total liabilities		21,192,044		21,139,925			
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets		1,879,017		2,159,624			
Restricted for capital projects		1,698,666		1,709,935			
Restricted for default expenditures		43,481		15,779			
Unrestricted		(2,688,389)		(2,416,962)			
Total net position	\$	932,775	\$	1,468,376			

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's net position decreased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the decrease represents the extent to which the cost of operations and depreciation expense exceeded ongoing program revenues as a result of delinquent assessments.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

	Governmental Activities					
Revenues:	,	2014		2013		
Program revenues	\$	1,477,966	\$	1,073,727		
General revenues		2,037		2,096		
Total revenues		1,480,003		1,075,823		
Expenses:						
General government		363,306		200,898		
Physical environment		580,643		665,557		
Culture and recreation		140,013		129,359		
Interest on long-term debt		931,642		955,762		
Total expenses		2,015,604		1,951,576		
Change in net position		(535,601)		(875,753)		
Net position - beginning, previously stated		1,468,376		2,788,745		
Effect of adoption of GASB No. 65		-		(444,616)		
Net position - beginning, as restated		1,468,376		2,344,129		
Net position - ending	\$	932,775	\$	1,468,376		

Program revenues of the District are comprised primarily of assessments and a substantial portion of program revenues were comprised of prepaid assessments for both the current and prior fiscal years. As lots in the District are sold to homeowners, prepaid assessments and related debt paid from those assessments are expected to decrease over time. The increase in program revenues is mainly due to more prepayment revenues in the current fiscal year. In total, expenses, including depreciation, increased slightly from the prior fiscal year. The majority of the increase was the result of an increase in professional services including the legal and other fees related to delinquent assessments and bond default.

GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

The variance between budgeted and actual general fund revenues for the 2014 fiscal year is the result of the non-payment of a significant portion of the 2014 fiscal year assessments by a major landowner, although Developer contributions were received which had not been budgeted for to help cover the cost of the District's operations thereby reducing the difference between budgeted and actual general fund revenues. The actual general fund expenditures for the current fiscal year were lower than budgeted amounts due primarily to anticipated costs which were not incurred in the current fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2014, the District had \$18,548,845 invested in land, infrastructure in progress, various infrastructure capital assets, recreational facilities and furniture, fixtures and equipment. In the government-wide financial statements depreciation of \$3,627,503 has been taken, which resulted in a net book value of \$14,921,342. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Capital Debt

At September 30, 2014, the District had \$5,050,000 in Bonds outstanding for its governmental activities. In addition, \$12,558,998 and \$3,014,758 of past due principal and interest is included in Due to Bondholders, respectively. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS BUDGETS

The District does not anticipate any major changes to its infrastructure maintenance program for fiscal year 2014. In addition, it is anticipated that the general operations of the District will remain fairly constant.

As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, there are significant delinquent fiscal year 2009 - 2015 assessments that have not been collected from the Developer and certain major landowners. Consequently, certain debt service payments were not made or were made in part by draws from the reserve accounts. The District has initiated foreclosure proceedings for the delinquent assessments. The District is economically dependent on the Developer and major landowners.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide homeowners, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Montecito Community Development District's Finance Department at 3434 Colwell Avenue, Suite 200, Tampa, Florida 33614.



MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	22,768	
Investments		183	
Prepaid items and deposits		4,541	
Restricted assets:			
Investments		7,175,985	
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable assets		6,877,652	
Depreciable assets, net		8,043,690	
Total assets		22,124,819	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		173,344	
Accrued interest payable		383,400	
Due to Bondholders:		•	
Principal		12,558,998	
Interest		3,014,758	
Due to Developer		11,544	
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year*		110,000	
Due in more than one year		4,940,000	
Total liabilities		21,192,044	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		1,879,017	
Restricted for capital projects		1,698,666	
Restricted for default expenditures		43,481	
Unrestricted		(2,688,389)	
Total net position	\$	932,775	
·	_	55=,6	

^{*} The missed debt service payments due for the Series 2006 Bonds are reflected in the due to Bondholders account balance.

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

								Ne	t (Expense)
								Re	evenue and
								Cha	anges in Net
			Р	rogr	am Revenu	es			Position
		(Charges	(Operating	C	Capital		
			for	G	Frants and	Gra	ants and	Go	vernmental
E	xpenses	5	Services	Co	ontributions	Con	tributions		Activities
\$	363,306	\$	118,211	\$	87,561	\$	-	\$	(157,534)
	580,643		-		-		9,909		(570,734)
	140,013		-		-		-		(140,013)
	931,642		1,259,381		2,904		-		330,643
	2,015,604		1,377,592		90,465		9,909		(537,638)
Gar	oral reveni	IDC.							
			stment ear	nino	ıc				(5)
			ourioni cai	9	,0				2,042
			evenues						2,037
	-								(535,601)
	-								1,468,376
	•	•	, ,					\$	932,775
	\$ Ger Ui	580,643 140,013 931,642 2,015,604 General revenue Unrestricted in Other Revenue Total gener Change in new Net position	\$ 363,306 \$ 580,643 140,013 931,642 2,015,604 General revenues: Unrestricted inve Other Revenue Total general re Change in net po Net position - beg	## Charges for Services \$ 363,306	Charges for G Expenses Services Co \$ 363,306 \$ 118,211 \$ 580,643 - 140,013 - 931,642 1,259,381 2,015,604 1,377,592 General revenues: Unrestricted investment earning Other Revenue Total general revenues Change in net position Net position - beginning	Charges for Grants and Expenses Services Contributions \$ 363,306 \$ 118,211 \$ 87,561 580,643	For Grants and Grants and Grants and Services	Charges for Grants and Grants and Expenses Services Contributions Contributions \$ 363,306 \$ 118,211 \$ 87,561 \$ - 580,643 9,909 140,013 931,642 1,259,381 2,904 - 2,015,604 1,377,592 90,465 9,909 General revenues: Unrestricted investment earnings Other Revenue Total general revenues Change in net position Net position - beginning	Program Revenues

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	Major Funds Debt Capital					Total Governmental		
		General		Service		Project		Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$	22,768	\$		\$		\$	22.760
	Ф		Φ	4 407 570	Ф	- - coo 400	Φ	22,768
Investments		183		1,487,579		5,688,406		7,176,168
Prepaid items and deposits		4,541		-		-		4,541
Total assets	\$	27,492	\$	1,487,579	\$	5,688,406	\$	7,203,477
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	145,780	\$	-	\$	27,564	\$	173,344
Due to Bondholders		-		15,573,756		-		15,573,756
Due to Developer		11,544		-		-		11,544
Total liabilities		157,324		15,573,756		27,564		15,758,644
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items and deposits		4,541		-		-		4,541
Restricted for: Default expenditures		_		_		43,481		43,481
Capital projects		_		_		5,617,361		5,617,361
Unassigned		(134,373)		(14,086,177)		-		(14,220,550)
Total fund balances		(129,832)		(14,086,177)		5,660,842		(8,555,167)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	27,492	\$	1,487,579	\$	5,688,406	\$	7,203,477

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEETGOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Fund balance - governmental funds		\$ (8,555,167)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets in the net position of the government as a whole.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	18,548,845 (3,627,503)	14.921.342
Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities,	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , ,

both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued interest payable

Bonds payable

(383,400)

(5,050,000) * (5,433,400)

* The missed debt service payments due for the Series 2006 Bonds are reflected in

Net position of governmental activities

the due to Bondholders account balance.

932,775

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

			Total				
	Debt Capital				Capital	G	overnmental
	 General		Service		Project		Funds
REVENUES							
Assessments	\$ 118,211	\$	302,527	\$	-	\$	420,738
Assessments - prepayments	-	·	956,854		-	•	956,854
Developer contributions	87,561		-		-		87,561
Interest income	(5)		2,904		9,909		12,808
Miscellaneous	 2,042		-		-		2,042
Total revenues	207,809		1,262,285		9,909		1,480,003
EVEE VEITURE							
EXPENDITURES							
Current: General government	105,847		35,346		222,113		363,306
Physical environment	118,952		35,340		222,113		118,952
Culture and recreation	34,434		_		_		34,434
Debt service:	01,101						01,101
Principal	-		105,000		-		105,000
Interest	-		942,395		-		942,395
Capital outlay	-		-		13,336		13,336
Total expenditures	259,233		1,082,741		235,449		1,577,423
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(51,424)		179,544		(225,540)		(97,420)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	40.055						40.055
Transfers in	12,955		(40.055)		-		12,955
Transfers out	 12,955		(12,955)		<u>-</u>		(12,955)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 12,900		(12,955)		-		
Net change in fund balances	(38,469)		166,589		(225,540)		(97,420)
Fund halanges haginning	(04.262)		(4.4.050.700)		E 006 202		(O AEZ ZAZ)
Fund balances - beginning	 (91,363)		(14,252,766)		5,886,382		(8,457,747)
Fund balances - ending	\$ (129,832)	\$	(14,086,177)	\$	5,660,842	\$	(8,555,167)

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (97,420)
Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund statements but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.	(567,270)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, the cost of capital assets is eliminated in the statement of activities and capitalized in the statement of net position.	13,336
Repayments of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statement but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and are eliminated in the statement of activities.	105,000
The change in accrued interest on long-term liabilities between the current and prior fiscal year is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the fund financial statements.	10,753
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (535,601)

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

Montecito Community Development District ("District") was established on July 20, 2005 by Ordinance No. 904 of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The Act provides, among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, power to borrow money and issue bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure.

The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("Board"), which is composed of five members. One of the Supervisors is elected on an at large basis by land owners of the District. Four of the Supervisors are elected on an at large basis by qualified electors that reside within the District. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercises all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. Phoenix Community Developers, Inc. ("Developer") owns land within the District; therefore, the District is economically dependent on the Developer.

The Board has the responsibility for:

- 1. Allocating and levying assessments.
- 2. Approving budgets.
- 3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
- 4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
- 5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
- 6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District is considered to be financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment (Operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services); and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments

Assessments, including debt service assessments and operation and maintenance assessments, are non-ad valorem assessments imposed on all lands located within the District and benefitted by the District's activities. Operation and maintenance assessments are levied by the District prior to the start of the fiscal year which begins October 1st and ends on September 30th. Operation and maintenance special assessments are imposed upon all benefitted lands in the District. Debt service assessments are imposed upon certain lots and lands as described in each resolution imposing the special assessments for each Series of Bonds issued by the District. Certain debt service assessments are collected upon the closing of those lots subject to short term debt and are used to prepay a portion of the Bonds outstanding.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Capital Project Fund

The capital project fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major infrastructure within the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash on hand and demand deposits are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

The District has adopted a written investment policy, which complies with the requirements of Section 218.415 Florida Statutes. All investments comply with the requirements of the written investment policy. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury;
- e) Short-term Bond Funds.

In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured. Any unspent proceeds are required to be held in investments allowed as specified in the Bond Indenture.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds and reports investments at fair value.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Roadways	20
Water & sewer facilities	25
Stormwater management	25
Recreational facilities	15-30
Landscape & streetscape	15
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future reporting period(s). For example, the District would record deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position related to debit amounts resulting from current and advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt (i.e. when there are differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt).

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future reporting period(s). For example, when an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements, but the revenue is unavailable, the District reports a deferred inflow of resources on the balance sheet until such times as the revenue becomes available.

Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The District can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity/Net Position (Continued)

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted to obtain comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2014:

	F	air Value	Credit Risk	Weighted Average Maturity
Fidelity Treasury Fund#2016 Investment in Local Government Surplus	\$	7,159,963	S&P AAAm	51 days
Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME)		16,205	S&P AAAm	39 days
Total Investments	\$	7,176,168		

Credit risk – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

Concentration risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Interest rate risk – The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Bond Indenture limits the type of investments held for unspent bond proceeds.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	D	isposals	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 6,788,410	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,788,410
Infrastructure under construction	89,242	-		-	89,242
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,877,652	=		-	6,877,652
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Roadways	1,719,432	-		-	1,719,432
Water & sewer facilities	1,936,187	-		-	1,936,187
Stormwater management	1,660,044	-		-	1,660,044
Recreational facilities	2,704,307	-		-	2,704,307
Landscape & streetscape	3,475,824	13,336		-	3,489,160
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	162,063	-		-	162,063
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,657,857	13,336		-	11,671,193
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Roadways	(429,484)	(85,972)		-	(515,456)
Water & sewer facilities	(387,235)	(77,447)		-	(464,682)
Stormwater management	(328,506)	(66,402)		-	(394,908)
Recreational facilities	(606,956)	(105,579)		-	(712,535)
Landscape & streetscape	(1,145,989)	(231,870)		-	(1,377,859)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(162,063)	-		-	(162,063)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,060,233)	(567,270)		-	(3,627,503)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,597,624	(553,934)		-	8,043,690
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,475,276	\$ (553,934)	\$	_	\$ 14,921,342

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The infrastructure intended to serve the District has been estimated at a total cost of approximately \$23,542,000. The infrastructure will include roadways, stormwater management, security and recreational facilities, and landscape/streetscape. The project costs will be funded with the proceeds from the issuance of the Series 2006 Bonds. Upon completion, certain infrastructure improvements will be conveyed to other entities. Phases 1A, 1B, 2A, and 2B were completed in a prior year. Phases 2C and 2D are on hold. The estimated cost to complete the project is unknown.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:	
Physical environment	\$ 461,691
Culture and recreation	 105,579
Total	\$ 567,270

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

On February 1, 2006, the District issued \$27,565,000 of Special Assessment Bonds, Series 2006 consisting of \$5,690,000 of Term Bonds Series 2006A due on May 1, 2037 with a fixed interest rate of 5.50% and \$21,875,000 of Term Bonds, Series 2006B due on May 1, 2013 with a fixed interest rate of 5.10%. The Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District. Interest is to be paid semiannually on each May 1 and November 1. Principal on the Bonds is to be paid serially commencing May 1, 2008 through May 1, 2037.

The Series 2006A Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the issuer prior to their maturity. The Series 2006 A and B Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to their selected maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond Indenture. For the Series 2006B Bonds, this occurred during the current fiscal year as the District collected prepaid assessments and redeemed \$506,002 of the Series 2006B Bonds. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events for subsequent extraordinary redemption.

The Bond Indenture established a debt service reserve requirement as well as other restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to 1) levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and 2) to meet the reserve requirements. The District was not in compliance with the reserve requirements of the Bond Indenture at September 30, 2014. See Note 9 – Financial Condition below.

The Developer and certain major landowners failed to pay a significant portion of the assessments in fiscal years 2009 - 2015. As a result, reserve funds were used to partially pay certain required debt service payments during the prior fiscal years. In addition, certain required debt service payments were not made during the prior, current, and subsequent fiscal years, resulting in events of default. The amount due has been reported in the financial statements as Due to Bondholders and reflects \$12,558,998 due for principal and \$3,014,758 due for interest. See Note 14 for additional information subsequent to fiscal year end.

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions Reductions*		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities Bonds payable:									
Series 2006	\$	5,155,000	\$ -	\$	105,000	\$	5,050,000	\$	110,000
Total	\$	5,155,000	\$ -	\$	105,000	\$	5,050,000	\$	110,000

^{*} Includes \$105,000 for the Series 2006A Bonds due on May 1, 2014 that has not been paid.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

At September 30, 2014, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long-term debt were as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year ending September 30:		Principal		Interest	Total			
2015	\$	110,000	\$	920,159	\$	1,030,159		
2016		120,000		271,700		391,700		
2017		125,000		265,100		390,100		
2018	135,000		258,225			393,225		
2019	140,000		250,800			390,800		
2020-2024	830,000			1,129,150		1,959,150		
2025-2029		1,095,000		873,675		1,968,675		
2030-2034		1,435,000		537,350		1,972,350		
2035-2037	1,060,000			117,975		1,177,975		
Total	\$	5,050,000	\$	4,624,134	\$	9,674,134		

NOTE 7 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The general fund and debt service fund reported deficit fund balances of (\$129,832) and (\$14,086,177), respectively, at September 30, 2014. It is unclear how the deficits will be covered as the District has not collected its delinquent assessments to-date. The District has filed a foreclosure lawsuit on the land with delinquent assessments. However, it is unclear how events will unfold pertaining to the lawsuit.

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District has a Developer, Phoenix Community Developers, Inc. ("Developer"), and three major landowners (Satellite Beach Partners, LLC, Towns of Montecito Community Developers, LLC. and Mercedes Homes, Inc.) within the District. The Towns of Montecito Community Developers and Mercedes Homes, Inc. are related to the Developer. Revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 include applicable amounts from the Developer and landowners.

In addition, the Developer and two of the major landowners (Satellite Beach Partners, LLC, and Towns of Montecito Community Developers, LLC,) failed to pay their share of assessments for the current and prior fiscal years, resulting in delinquent assessments receivable of approximately \$1,464,254 for the general fund and \$2,630,367 for the debt service fund. The District initiated foreclosure proceedings for the delinquent assessments. As a result, certain debt service assessments on land owned by Satellite Beach Partners, LLC, and Towns of Montecito Community Developers, LLC were not billed in the prior or current fiscal year.

The Developer agreed to fund the general operations of the District which could not be funded as a result of the delinquent assessments. In connection with that agreement, Developer contributions to the general fund were \$87,561 for the current fiscal year.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, a lawsuit was filed against the District by Satellite Beach Partners, LLC (landowner). An un-platted parcel owned by the landowner is the subject of a pending foreclosure suit brought by the District. The lawsuit brought by Satellite Beach Partners, LLC asserts fraud, breach of fiduciary duties and numerous other grounds related to the District's foreclosure suit. The Satellite Beach Partners case and the District's foreclosure case have been consolidated for discovery and trial. National City Bank has filed a counterclaim against the District in relation to the suit alleging that the District's interest is subordinate to that of the bank and the bank is seeking to foreclose on its mortgage with Satellite Beach Partners, As of the report date, the lawsuits are ongoing. The ultimate outcome and impact on the District is not currently known. However, in the event of an unfavorable outcome, the range of exposure would be the loss of the non-ad valorem special assessments imposed on the properties owned by Satellite Beach Partners.

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The District's activity is dependent on the continued involvement of the Developer and major landowners. As such, the nonpayment of assessments by the Developer and certain major landowners has resulted in the deterioration of the District's financial condition.

NOTE 9 - FINANCIAL CONDITION

The District's financial conditions continue to deteriorate. As noted above in Note 8, the Developer and certain major landowners failed to pay a substantial portion of their assessments in the current and prior fiscal years. As a result, the Trustee utilized reserve funds to pay a portion of the interest payments due in the prior fiscal years. In addition, during the current fiscal year, \$31,846 was paid from the Series 2006A Reserve Account to fund certain default related expenses relating to the SPE – see Note 10. As a result, there was a deficit in the Series 2006A and Series 2006B reserve accounts of approximately \$226,000 and \$231,000, respectively. In addition, certain scheduled debt service payments were not made, partially made or made late, resulting in events of default. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events for additional information subsequent to fiscal year end.

During prior years, as a result of non-payment of operation and maintenance assessments, the District amended the Master Indenture to provide funds for default related expenditures and costs related to the SPE. During the current fiscal year, the District transferred \$200,000 from the acquisition and construction account to the default expenditures account. The transfer was approved by the majority bondholder to fund default expenditures for FY 2014. During the current fiscal year, approximately \$195,000 in additional default expenditures and \$62,000 of SPE costs were paid. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events for additional information subsequent to fiscal year end. Furthermore, the District has a significant amount of uncontested delinquent payables that are over 90 days old.

NOTE 10 - TRI-PARTY AGREEMENT AND SPECIAL PURPOSE ENTITY

As discussed in Note 9, as a result of non-collection of assessments from the Developer and major landowners, the District did not make certain debt service payments when due, which constitutes an event of default under the applicable trust indenture. During the prior fiscal year, the District entered into an agreement with the Trustee and Montecito CDD Holding, LLC. (SPE). The Trustee, on behalf of the Bondholder, created or caused to be created a SPE to own, manage, and dispose of the Property subject to delinquent Series 2006 assessments. The SPE shall acquire the rights to the delinquent property enforced through tax certificate and tax deed procedures. Under the terms of the agreement, the District will bill the SPE for operations and maintenance (O&M) assessments. However, the debt service assessments will be held in abeyance and continue to constitute a lien on the property. The operations of the SPE will be funded from amounts on deposit in the funds and accounts comprising the Series 2006 Trust Estate and proceeds from the sale of the delinquent property. During the current fiscal year, \$12,955 was transferred from the Series 2006A Revenue Account to fund O&M expenses related to the SPE assessments.

NOTE 11 - MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management advisory services, which include financial and accounting advisory services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, and other administrative costs.

NOTE 12 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 were as follows:

Fund	Tra	ansfers in	Transfers out			
General fund	\$	12,955	\$	-		
Debt service		-		12,955		
Total	\$	12,955	\$	12,955		

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund where collection occurs to the fund where funds have been reallocated for use. In the case of the District, transfers from the debt service fund to the general fund related to the SPE assessments – see Note 10.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. The District has not filed any claims under this commercial insurance coverage during the last three years.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Bond payment

Subsequent to year end, the District paid \$525,477 of the Series 2006B Bonds from prepayments which were considered extraordinary mandatory redemptions as outlined in the Bond Indenture.

Non-payment of Debt

Subsequent to fiscal year end, the District did not collect sufficient assessments in the revenue account to make the November 2014 Series 2006A interest payment (after paying the delinquent May 2014 interest). The District did not collect sufficient assessments in the revenue account to make the May 2015 Series 2006A interest payment (after paying the delinquent November 2014 interest). Furthermore, the May 2015 principal payment due on the Series 2006A Bonds was not made. For the Series 2006B Bonds, the scheduled interest due for November 2014 and May 2015 has not been made. While there were sufficient funds between the revenue and reserve accounts to make one of the interest payments due on the Series 2006B Bonds, at the direction of a majority of the bondholders, no scheduled payment was made except for accrued interest on the 2006B Bonds prepaid above.

Default expenditures

Subsequent to fiscal year end, the District transferred \$250,000 from the Series 2006A revenue account to the default expenditures account. As of May 31, 2015, approximately \$97,000 in additional default related expenditures, including expenditures relating to the operation of the SPE, has been incurred by the District from the default expenditures and construction accounts.

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	iginal and nal Budget	ļ	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Assessments	\$ 367,530	\$	118,211	\$	(249,319)	
Developer contributions	-		87,561		87,561	
Interest and other revenues	-		2,037		2,037	
Total revenues	367,530		207,809		(159,721)	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	119,980		105,847		14,133	
Physical environment	192,700		118,952		73,748	
Culture and recreation	54,850		34,434		20,416	
Total expenditures	 367,530		259,233		108,297	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-		(51,424)		(51,424)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	 -		12,955		12,955	
Total other financing sources	-		12,955		12,955	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -		(38,469)	\$	(38,469)	
Fund balance - beginning			(91,363)			
Fund balance - ending		\$	(129,832)			

MONTECITO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the General Fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

The variance between budgeted and actual general fund revenues for the 2014 fiscal year is the result of the non-payment of a significant portion of the 2014 fiscal year assessments by a major landowner, although Developer contributions were received which had not been budgeted for to help cover the cost of the District's operations thereby reducing the difference between budgeted and actual general fund revenues. The actual general fund expenditures for the current fiscal year were lower than budgeted amounts due primarily to anticipated costs which were not incurred in the current fiscal year.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Montecito Community Development District Satellite Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Montecito Community Development District, Satellite Beach, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated June 25, 2015, which includes an emphasis of matter paragraph.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and compliance that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated June 25, 2015.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Management Letter. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Supervisors Montecito Community Development District Satellite Beach, Florida

We have examined Montecito Community Development District, Satellite Beach, Florida's ("District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. Management is responsible for District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Montecito Community Development District, Satellite Beach, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



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MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Supervisors Montecito Community Development District Satellite Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Montecito Community Development District, Satellite Beach, Florida (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2015, which includes an emphasis of a matter paragraph.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters based on an audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 25, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the Board of Supervisors of the District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank the District and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2014-01 Financial Condition Assessment:

<u>Observation</u>: The District's financial conditions continue to deteriorate. The Developer and certain major landowners failed to pay a significant portion of the assessments in fiscal years 2009 - 2014. As a result, reserve funds were used to partially pay certain required debt service payments during the prior and current fiscal years. In addition, certain required debt service payments were not made during the prior, current, and subsequent fiscal years, resulting in events of default. The reserve requirements have not been met as a result of the financial condition of the District. Further, the general fund and debt service fund reported deficit fund balances at the end of the fiscal year. Furthermore, the District has a significant amount of uncontested delinquent payables that are over 90 days old.

Recommendation: The District should take the necessary steps to alleviate the deteriorating financial condition.

Management Response: The District and Bondholders are working to alleviate this issue through efforts to collect delinquent assessments. The District, Trustee and SPE entered into a Tri-Party agreement. The Trustee, on behalf of the Bondholder, created or caused to be created a SPE to own, manage and dispose of the property subject to the delinquent Series 2006 assessments. Under the terms of the agreement the District will bill the SPE for operations and maintenance assessments. However the debt service assessments will be held in abeyance and continue to constitute a lien on the property. The operations of the SPE will be funded from amounts on deposit in the funds and accounts comprising the Series 2006 Trust Estate and proceeds from the sale of the delinquent property. If the SPE is successful in selling the land the amount of debt service assessments to be collected by the district is uncertain at this time.

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2013-01: Omission of a Major Fund

<u>Current Status:</u> Finding has been eliminated as the SPE is not under the control of management. See finding 2014-1 for financial condition assessment which resulted in the creation of the SPE.

2012-01, 2013-02 No Supporting Documentation Provided for Certain Expenditures

<u>Current Status:</u> Finding has been eliminated as Trustee who is under the direction of the Bondholder will not release these invoices to management. See finding 2014-01 for financial condition assessment which resulted in the default and SPE costs.

2009-01, 2010-01, 2011-01, 2012-02, 2013-03 Reserve Requirement

Current Status: Has been consolidated with finding 2014-01.

2009-02, 2010-02, 2011-02, 2012-03, 2013-04 Financial Condition Assessment

Current Status: See finding 2014-01 above.

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, except as noted above.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, except as noted above.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, except as noted above.

- 4. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 5. The financial report filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes agrees with the September 30, 2014 financial audit report.
- 6. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District has met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503 (1), Florida Statutes. The District failed to make certain scheduled debt service payments when due during the current and prior fiscal years, as a result of a lack of funds, due to the Developer and certain major landowners' failure to pay a significant portion of assessments. We applied financial condition assessment procedures pursuant to Rule 10.556(7) and determined that deteriorating financial conditions were noted. See Findings section above for additional information. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.